

### Alzheimer's Disease Neuroimaging Initiative

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# Table 1. Participants Autopsied per Funding Period

ADNI Funding Period	ADNI-NPC	Deaths	Autopsies	Annual Autopsy Rate (%)	
9-1-05 to 8-31-07	NO	6	0	0	
9-1-07 to 8-31-08	YES	7	2	28	
9-1-08 to 8-31-09	YES	8	8	100	
9-1-09 to 8-31-10	YES	4	1	25	
9-1-10 to 8-31-11	YES	13	6	46	
9-1-11 to 8-31-12	YES	4	3	75	
9-1-12 to 8-31-13	YES	15	8	53	
9-1-13 to 8-31-14	YES	20	13	65	
9-1-14 to 8-31-15	YES	17	11	65	
9-1-15 to 8-31-16	YES	24	12	50	
9-1-16 to 04-14-16	YES	10	7	70	
Total (2005-2016)	-	128	71	55	
Total since NPC established	-	122	71	58	

**Note:** The ADNI-NPC was established on 9/1/2007. Figures based upon ADNI participants who died as active participants as well as those no longer actively seen due to protocol changes or advanced dementia.

# Table 2. Neuropathologic Diagnosis

		Neuropathologic Diagnosis [N (%)]										
Clinical Diagnosis	AD	AD +DLB	AD +TDP	AD +DLB +TDP	AD+DLB +TDP +AGD	AD +ALB	AD + AGD	AD +HS	AD+TDP +Infarcts	AD +PSP	AGD +PART	TOTAL (%)
ADD	19*	14**	3§	4§	2§	3	1	3†	1		2	52 (91)
ADD +DLB				1	1	2‡						4 (7)
PSP¶										1		1 (2)
TOTAL (%)	19 (35)	14 (25)	3 (5)	5 (9)	3 (5)	5 (9)	1 (2)	3 (5)	1 (2)	1 (2)	2 (4)	57 (100)

#### ADD Diagnostic accuracy: 54/56 (96.4%)

ADD, Alzheimer disease dementia; AD (NIA-AA score: A1, B0, C0 or greater); ALB, AD with amygdala Lewy bodies; DLB, dementia with Lewy bodies; AGD, argyrophilic grain disease; TDP, AD with TDP-43 proteinopathy in medial temporal lobe; HS, hippocampal sclerosis; PSP¶, normal at entry but developed progressive supranuclear palsy.

Notes:\*One case had additional infarcts; \*\*One case had an additional infarct, one case had AGD, and one case had additional agerelated tau astrogliopathy; §One case had additional age-related tau astrogliopathy; †One case had additional AGD and one case had additional TDP-43 proteinopathy; ‡One case had additional TDP-43 proteinopathy. Small vessel disease (arteriolosclerosis and cerebral amyloid angiopathy) was a feature of all cases.

14 additional cases are pending shipment and/or review.

Mean age at death 81.9 y (range=59-97), 79% male Exp. CDR available for 51 cases: CDR 0=1, CDR 0.5=7, CDR1=5, CDR2=9, CDR3=29

### Major Accomplishments/Knowledge Gained during the lifetime of the ADNI NPC

- The Neuropathology Core has successfully developed protocols for the notification and administration of an autopsy and procurement of donated tissue from participating ADNI sites.
- The Neuropathology Core has coordinated with ADNI sites to obtain <u>71 autopsies</u>; uniform neuropathology is now available on <u>57</u> <u>participants</u>. Frozen/fixed brain tissue is available on request.
- Neuropathology has helped to validate clinical and neuropsychological data, MRI, PET, and CSF biomarkers.
- Neuropathology provides a very rich data set for validation of biomarkers in AD clinical trials.
- The presence of significant comorbidity in LOAD indicates that the pathology in this cohort is heterogeneous and likely influences biomarker outcomes and the design of clinical studies.

# Neuropathology informs Biomarker and Neuroimaging Data

- Late-onset AD (LOAD, ADNI) has significantly more comorbid neuropathology (TDP-43, HS, AGD, ARTAG) than ADAD (DIAN). (Cairns et al. 2015).
- Comorbid Lewy body disease in AD (n=22) is associated with frontal and parietal lobe hypometabolism (Toledo et al., 2013) Update in review.
- Alpha-synuclein in CSF reduced in AD+DLB v. AD (Toledo et al. 2013) Update in review.
- PD variants weakly associated with LB in AD (Sungeun et al. AAIC 2016).

# ADNI Neuropathology Webinar

- Presentation and discussion forum at the San Diego face-to-face investigator meeting October 2016. Weather was great!!
- Webinar held April 11<sup>th</sup> for all ADNI 3 site personnel.
- 62 attendees (site coordinators, PIs, and neuropathologists)
- Slides are located in the document repository: <u>https://atrihub.box.com/s/</u>

<u>1f2u1mswlgenej6djxxojg4bvv4ax8sm</u>, password: adni32016 – Study Docs for Sites > Webinars > Neuropath.